# TAX REFERENCE GUIDE



# 2018

#### **TRADITIONAL & ROTH IRAS**

#### **Contribution limits**

	2018
Regular	\$5,500
Catch-Up*	\$1,000

\*Only taxpayers age 50 and over are eligible to make catch-up contributions.

Roth contribution phase-out

MAGI phase-out range	range for contributions to Roth IRAs in 2018		
Married filing jointly:	Married filing separately:	Single:	
\$189,000-\$199,000	\$0-\$10,000	\$120,000-\$135,000	

No annual income limit for determining ability to convert traditional IRA to Roth IRA continues for 2018.

#### Traditional IRA deductibility rules

Filing Status	Covered by Employer's Retirement Plan?	Modified AGI 2018	Deductibility
	No	Any amount	Full deduction
<u>g</u>		\$63,000 or less	Full deduction
Single	Yes	\$63,001-\$72,999	Partial deduction
		\$73,000 or more	No deduction
	Neither Spouse Covered  Both Spouses Covered	Any amount	Full deduction
		\$101,000 or less	Full deduction
ıtly		\$101,001-\$120,999	Partial deduction
io		\$121,000 or more	No deduction
ling	One Spauce	\$101,000 or less	Full deduction
ed fi	One Spouse Covered For Covered Spouse	\$101,001-\$120,999	Partial deduction
arri		\$121,000 or more	No deduction
Σ	One Spouse Covered For Non-	\$189,000 or less	Full deduction
		\$189,001-\$198,999	Partial deduction
Covered Spouse	\$199,000 or more	No deduction	

#### **2018 ESTATE & GIFT TAX RATES**

The top tax rate applicable to estates and living gifts will be subject to a maximum tax rate of 40%

Subtract applicable credit below from calculated tax

Estate Tax	Exclusion Amount	Federal Credit	Gift Tax Exclusion
2018	\$11,200,000	\$4,425,800	\$11,200,000

#### Other estate & gift planning items

	2018
Annual gift tax exclusion	\$15,000
Annual gift tax exclusion for non U.S. citizen spouses	\$152,000
Generation-skipping tax (GST) exemption	\$11,200,000
IRC § 6166 2% limit for deferred estate tax payments	\$1,520,000
Special use valuation for qualified real property	\$1,140,000

#### **QUALIFIED PLANS**

	2018	
Max elective deferral to retirement plans (e.g. 401(k), 403(b) and 457 plans, and SARSEPs)	\$18,500	
Max elective deferral to SIMPLE 401(k) plans	\$12,500	
Limit on annual additions to SEP plans	\$55,000	
Annual compensation threshold requiring SEP contribution	\$600	
Limit on annual additions to defined contribution plans	\$55,000	
Maximum annual compensation taken into account for contributions	\$275,000	
Annual benefit limit under benefit plans	\$220,000	
Threshold amount for definition of highly compensated employee	\$120,000	
Threshold amount for definition of key employee/officer in top-heavy plans	\$175,000	
Maximum Qualified Longevity Annuity Contract (QLAC): Lessor of \$130,000 or 25% of your aggregate IRA account values.		

#### Catch-up contribution limits for other qualified plan types

	2018
401(k), 403(b), SARSEP, and 457 Plans	\$6,000
SIMPLE Plans	\$3,000

Consult your tax professional for advice. Information provided as an incidental service to our business as (insurance professionals, financial planner, investment advisor, securities broker)

# TAX REFERENCE GUIDE

#### **SOCIAL SECURITY TAX RULES**

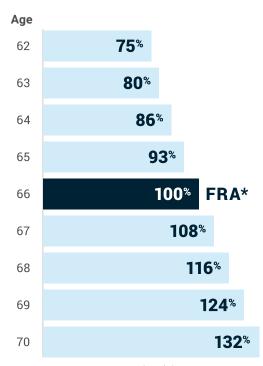
## **Social Security Benefit Reduction before Full** Retirement Age (FRA). \$1 of every \$2 over \$17,040/yr before year of FRA 10 of every 20 over 45,360/yr during the year FRAis reached

## PERCENTAGE OF SOCIAL SECURITY **BENEFITS INCLUDED IN TAXES**

	Single	Married Filing Jointly		
0%	<\$25,000	<\$32,000		
50%	\$25,000-34,000	\$32,000-44,000		
85%	>\$34,000	>\$44,000		
Combined Income above is: Annual Gross Income + 50% Social Security benefits				
Taxable Wage Base for Social Security: \$128,400				



### PERCENTAGE OF SOCIAL **SECURITY FULL RETIREMENT BENEFIT IF COLLECTED AT:**



<sup>\*</sup> Full Retirement Age (FRA) for individuals born between 1943-1954

#### **INCOME TAX COMPARISON 2018**

If taxable income is

Over	But Not Over	The Tax Is	Of the Amount Over	
Married Filing Jo	Married Filing Jointly and Surviving Spouses			
\$0	\$19,050	\$0 + 10%	\$0	
\$19,051	\$77,400	\$1,905 + 12%	\$19,050	
\$77,401	\$165,000	\$8,907 + 22%	\$77,400	
\$165,001	\$315,000	\$28,179 + 24%	\$165,000	
\$315,001	\$400,000	\$64,179 + 32%	\$315,000	
\$400,001	\$600,000	\$91,379 + 35%	\$400,000	
\$600,001	_	\$161,379 + 37%	\$600,000	
Single				
\$0	\$9,525	\$0 + 10%	\$0	
\$9,526	\$38,700	\$953 + 12%	\$9,525	
\$38,701	\$82,500	\$4,454 + 22%	\$38,700	
\$82,501	\$157,500	\$14,090 + 24%	\$82,500	
\$157,501	\$200,000	\$32,090 + 32%	\$157,500	
\$200,001	\$500,000	\$45,690 + 35%	\$200,000	
\$500,001	_	\$150,690 + 37%	\$500,000	
Estates and Trusts: Tax rates graduated from 10% to 37%. Income over \$12,500				

		Exemption	Phase-out Range
Standard Deductions		Annual	Add'l Age 65 or Older, or Blind
Married Filing Jointly	2018	\$24,000	\$1,300
Head of Household	2018	\$18,000	\$1,600
Single/Married Filing Separately	2018	\$12,000	\$1,600

Child Tax Credit: \$2,000 per child phases out \$50 for each \$2,000 of modified AGI over \$400,000 (married filing jointly), or \$200,000 (single).

Capital Gains and Qualifying Dividends Tax Rate (2018)		
Taxpayer Bracket	Short Term < 12 Mo	Long Term > 12 Mo
Single: Up to \$38,600 MFJ: Up to \$77,200	Ordinary rate	0%
Single: \$38,601-\$425,800 MFJ: \$77,201-\$479,000	Ordinary rate	15%
Single: \$425,801 and up MFJ: \$479,001 and up	Ordinary rate	20%

Tax on Net Investment Income: Additional 3.8% tax on lesser of net investment income or excess of modified adjusted gross income over \$200,000 single/ \$250,000 married filing jointly

